

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name	: ETHYL ACETATE
EC-No.	: 205-500-4
EC Index-No.	: 607-022-00-5
CAS-No.	: 141-78-6
UN-No. (ADR)	: 1173
Product code	: 105110xxx
Formula	: C4H8O2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended uses and restrictions	: For laboratory use only
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1.3. Supplier's details

Labchem (Pty)Ltd
 6 Wakefield Road
 Founders Hill
 1609 Johannesburg - South Africa
 T +27 11 452 1116 - F +27 86 588 0293
techlab@labchem.co.za - www.labchem.co.za

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: +27 11 452 1116
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to the United Nations GHS

Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225
Acute toxicity (oral) Not classified	
Acute toxicity (dermal) Not classified	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	H319
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Not classified	
Full text of H statements : see section 16	

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to the United Nations GHS

Hazard pictograms (GHS-ZA) :



GHS02

GHS07

Signal word (GHS-ZA)	: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-ZA)	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements (GHS-ZA)	: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

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contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects : Highly flammable liquid and vapour, May cause drowsiness or dizziness, Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance identification codes: See section 1.1

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to the United Nations GHS
ethyl acetate (Main constituent)	(CAS-No.) 141-78-6	≥ 99.8	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. Not classified (Oral) Acute Tox. Not classified (Dermal) Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute Not classified

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital. Never give alcohol to drink. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.html). Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth with water. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Central nervous system depression. Dizziness. Headache. Narcosis. Disturbances of consciousness. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Cracking of the skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Irritation of the eye tissue. Lacrimation. Eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Risk of aspiration pneumonia. AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Nausea. Vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation.

Chronic symptoms : Red skin. Tingling/irritation of the skin. Itching. Skin rash/inflammation. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Loss of appetite. Enlargement/affection of the liver. Affection of the renal tissue.

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms : Non-toxic if swallowed (LD50 oral, rat > 5000 mg/kg). Slightly irritant to skin. Non-toxic in contact with skin (LD50 skin > 5000 mg/kg). Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting class B foam extinguisher. Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher. Class B foam (alcohol-resistant). Water spray if puddle cannot expand. Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel); risk of puddle expansion. Water; risk of puddle expansion.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Gas/vapour flammable with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD: May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard". Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- Explosion hazard : DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD: Gas/vapour explosive with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD: may be ignited by sparks. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".
- Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Do not move the load if exposed to heat.
- Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137). Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No additional information available

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Gloves (EN 374). Protective goggles (EN 166). Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137).
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation. Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers closed. Wash contaminated clothes. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute/disperse combustible gas/vapour with water curtain. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.
- Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
- Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

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According to SANS 10234:2008 and SANS 11014:2010

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation. Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Handle uncleaned empty containers as full ones. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Hygiene measures : Observe normal hygiene standards. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
- Storage area : Store in a cool area. Store in a dry area. Store in a dark area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Provide for an automatic sprinkler system. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. Meet the legal requirements.
- Heat and ignition sources : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.
- Information on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. reducing agents. (strong) acids. (strong) bases. peroxides. water/moisture.
- Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: hermetical. dry. clean. opaque. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
- Packaging materials : SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. carbon steel. iron. aluminium. copper. nickel. polypropylene. glass. tin. MATERIAL TO AVOID: plastics.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

ETHYL ACETATE (141-78-6)	
South Africa - Occupational Exposure Limits (Recommended Limits)	
Local name	Ethyl acetate
OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1400 mg/m ³
OEL TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
Regulatory reference	Government Notice. R: 1179

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
- Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

- Materials for protective clothing : GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: polyethylene/ethylenevinylalcohol. butyl rubber. nitrile rubber. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: PVA. neoprene. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: natural rubber. polyethylene. PVC. viton
- Hand protection : Gloves
- Eye protection : Protective goggles (EN 166)
- Skin and body protection : Head/neck protection. Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034)
- Respiratory protection : Full face mask with filter type A at conc. in air > exposure limit

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



8.4. Exposure limit values for the other components

No additional information available

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According to SANS 10234:2008 and SANS 11014:2010

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid.
Molecular mass	: 88.11 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Fruity odour.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: 4.1
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: 2.4
Melting point	: -84 °C (1013 hPa)
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 77 °C (1013 hPa)
Flash point	: -4 °C (Closed cup, 1013 hPa)
Critical temperature	: 250 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: 427 °C (1013 hPa)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Vapour pressure	: 108.78 hPa (22 °C)
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 38500 hPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 3
Relative density	: 0.9 (20 °C, Bulk density)
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: 1.2
Density	: 900 kg/m ³ (20 °C, Bulk density)
Relative gas density	: No data available
Solubility	: Moderately soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in acetone. Soluble in chloroform. Soluble in dimethyl sulfoxide. Soluble in oils/fats. Water: 8 g/100ml (25 °C, OECD 105: Water Solubility)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: 0.68 (Experimental value, EPA OPPTS 830.7560, 25 °C)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 0.489 mm ² /s (25 °C)
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.451 mPa·s (20 °C)
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 2.2 – 11.5 vol % 75 – 420 g/m ³
Lower explosive limit (LEL)	: 2.2 vol %
Upper explosive limit (UEL)	: 11.5 vol %

9.2. Other information

Minimum ignition energy	: 0.46 mJ
Specific conductivity	: 46000 pS/m (25 °C)
Saturation concentration	: 350 g/m ³
VOC content	: 100 %
Other properties	: Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Volatile. Neutral reaction.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Violent exothermic reaction with (some) acids. Decomposes slowly on exposure to water (moisture). Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to light. Unstable on exposure to moisture. Unstable on exposure to air.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

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According to SANS 10234:2008 and SANS 11014:2010

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified.
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified.
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

ETHYL ACETATE (141-78-6)

LD50 oral rat	10200 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg bodyweight (24 hour cuff method, 24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified
Aspiration hazard : Not classified

ETHYL ACETATE (141-78-6)

Viscosity, kinematic	0.489 mm ² /s (25 °C)
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Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms : Non-toxic if swallowed (LD50 oral, rat > 5000 mg/kg). Slightly irritant to skin. Non-toxic in contact with skin (LD50 skin > 5000 mg/kg). Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Ecology - air : Not included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC). Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014). Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009).
Ecology - water : Slightly harmful to crustacea. Slightly harmful to fishes. Groundwater pollutant. Nitrification of activated sludge is inhibited. Not harmful to algae. Slightly harmful to bacteria. Taste alteration in fishes/aquatic organisms.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) : Not classified.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) : Not classified

ETHYL ACETATE (141-78-6)

LC50 fish 1	230 mg/l (US EPA, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	154 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature)
BCF fish 1	30 (3 day(s), Leuciscus idus, Static system, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.68 (Experimental value, EPA OPPTS 830.7560, 25 °C)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

ETHYL ACETATE (141-78-6)

Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.293 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.69 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	1.82 g O ₂ /g substance

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ETHYL ACETATE (141-78-6)	
BCF fish 1	30 (3 day(s), Leuciscus idus, Static system, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.68 (Experimental value, EPA OPPTS 830.7560, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

12.4. Mobility in soil

ETHYL ACETATE (141-78-6)	
Mobility in soil	No additional information available
Surface tension	0.024 N/m (20 °C)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.68 (Experimental value, EPA OPPTS 830.7560, 25 °C)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone	: Not classified
Other adverse effects	: No additional information available




SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Avoid discharge of large amounts into the sewer. Treat using the best available techniques before discharge into drains or the aquatic environment. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle by distillation. Incinerate under surveillance with energy recovery. Obtain the consent of pollution control authorities before discharging to wastewater treatment plants.
Additional information	: Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with SANS / IMDG / IATA

SANS	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number 1173	1173	1173
14.2. Proper Shipping Name ETHYL ACETATE	ETHYL ACETATE	Ethyl acetate
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3	3	3
		 Not applicable
14.4. Packing group II	II	II
14.5. Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No :	Dangerous for the environment : No
No supplementary information available		

14.6. Special precautions for user

- SANS

Transport regulations (UN)	: Subject to the provisions
Limited quantities (SANS)	: 1 L
Limited quantities (SANS)	: 1 L
Packagings, large packagings and IBCs	: P001, IBC02
Packing instructions (SANS)	

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Portable tank and bulk containers instructions (SANS) : T4

Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (SANS) : TP1

- IMDG

Transport regulations (IMDG) : Subject to the provisions

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 1 L

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E2

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001

IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC02

Tank instructions (IMDG) : T4

Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-D - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Stowage category (IMDG) : B

Flash point (IMDG) : -4°C c.c.

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Colourless liquid with a fragrant odour. Flashpoint: -4°C c.c. Explosive limits: 2.18% to 11.5% Immiscible with water.

- IATA

Transport regulations (IATA) : Subject to the provisions

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E2

PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y341

PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L

PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 353

PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 5L

CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 364

CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L

ERG code (IATA) : 3L

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health, and environmental national regulations specific for the product

Regulatory reference : SANS 10234:2008; SANS 11014:2010; SANS 10228:2012; SANS 10229:2010; SANS 10232(1,2,4), SANS 10231:2018; Occupational Health and Safety Act 85 of 1993; National Road Traffic Act 93 of 1996.

SECTION 16: Other information

Issue date : 13/02/2020

Revision date : 13/02/2025

Full text of H-statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

SDS South Africa

The data provided in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is correct to the best of our knowledge. The data relates to the specific product as named and is intended as a guide to the safe handling of the product in all its facets. The data may no longer be valid if the product is used in any process or in combination with other products. This SDS is not a quality specification nor any form of guarantee.